Page References to the Four Laws and Five Equations of Economic Growth

1st Law – The perceived performance of a good or service at the moment of purchase is equal to its real price multiplied by the market's competitive pressure.

 2^{nd} Law – GDP is equal to the adjusted sum of the perceived performances of all final goods and services.

 3^{rd} Law – The penetration of a good or service into a market occurs when its ratio of perceived performance to price equals the incumbent.

 4^{th} Law – Innovation in a product or service is equal to its perceived performance in its market divided by its unit cost of delivery.

$$1^{st} Law \qquad p=PQ \qquad p13$$

$$2^{nd} Law \qquad GDP = \sum_{i=1}^{N} p_U^i \qquad p39$$

$$3^{rd} Law \qquad p_1/P_1 = p_2/P_2 \qquad p42$$

$$4^{th} Law \qquad Innovation = p/c \qquad p44$$

Leading to a True Productivity = GDP(t) / iDe(t – δ) that transcends all current productivities p67

(these pages appear in the research monograph **Innovation in Economics**)